according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.05.2014 Page 1 of 7

Sodium Chloride, Reagent Grade

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name : Sodium Chloride, Reagent Grade

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: S25541A

Recommended uses of the product and uses restrictions on use:

Manufacturer Details:

AquaPhoenix Scientific 9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331

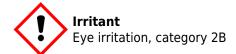
Supplier Details:

Fisher Science Education 15 Jet View Drive, Rochester, NY 14624

Emergency telephone number:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:



Eye Irritation 2

Signal word :Warning

Hazard statements:

Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statements:

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

Keep out of reach of children

Read label before use

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wash skin thoroughly after handling

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention

Other Non-GHS Classification:

WHMIS



Effective date: 12.05.2014 Page 2 of 7

Sodium Chloride, Reagent Grade

NFPA/HMIS

NFPA SCALE (0-4)



HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:				
CAS 7647-14-5	Sodium Chloride,ACS	Sodium Chloride,ACS		
		Pe	rcentages are by weight	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

After inhalation: Move exposed individual to fresh air. Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists. Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

After skin contact: Wash affected area with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly. Seek medical attention if irritation or other symptoms persist. Wash affected area with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly. Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned. Flush with water for 15 minutes.

After eye contact: Protect unexposed eye. Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned.Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately get medical assistance.

After swallowing: Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort or vomiting persists. Have exposed individual drink sips of water or milk. Seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Nausea, Headache, Shortness of breath. Irritation- all routes of exposure.;

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention, provide SDS document to physician. Note to physician: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 : Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: If in laboratory setting, follow laboratory fire suppression procedures. Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Combustion products may include sodium oxides or other toxic vapors. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard

Advice for firefighters:

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.05.2014 Page 3 of 7

Sodium Chloride, Reagent Grade

Protective equipment: Use NIOSH-approved breathing equipment

Additional information (precautions): Move product containers away from fire or keep cool with water spray as a protective measure, where feasible. Use non-sparking equipment/tools

SECTION 6 : Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Always obey local regulations. Avoid contact skin, eyes, and clothing. Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from ignition sources. Protect from heat. Stop the spill, if possible. Contain spilled material by diking or using inert absorbent. Transfer to a disposal or recovery container.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway. Collect contaminated soil for characterization per Section 13. Should not be released into the environment .

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

If in a laboratory setting, follow Chemical Hygiene Plan procedures. Collect liquids using vacuum or by use of absorbents. Place into properly labeled containers for recovery or disposal. If necessary, use trained response staff/contractor. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Always obey local regulations.

Reference to other sections:

SECTION 7 : Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store protected from moisture and direct sunlight.Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. If in a laboratory setting, follow Chemical Hygiene Plan.Use only in well ventilated areas.Avoid generation of dust or fine particulate.Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool location. Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store protected from moisture and direct sunlight.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection







Control Parameters:

7647-14-5, ACGIH TLV TWA (inhalable particles), 10 mg/m3 7647-14-5, OSHA PEL TWA (Total Dust), 15 mg/m3 (50 mppcf*) , ,*mppcf = Millions of particles per cubic foot of air

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.05.2014 Page 4 of 7

Sodium Chloride, Reagent Grade

Appropriate Engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in

the immediate vicinity of use/handling. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or dusts (total/respirable) below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above. Ensure that dusthandling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment)

Not required under normal conditions of use. Use suitable respiratory Respiratory protection:

> protective device when high concentrations are present. Use suitable respiratory protective device when aerosol or mist is formed. For spills,

respiratory protection may be advisable.

Protection of skin: The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/

> the substance/ the preparation being used/handled. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and

the degradation. Wear protective clothing

Safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Eye protection:

General hygienic measures: The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling

chemicals. Keep away from food, beverages and feed sources.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. Wash hands

before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale

gases/fumes/dust/mist/vapor/aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and

skin.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,color):	White solid	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Not determined Not determined	
Odor:	Odorless	Vapor pressure:	1 mmHg @ 865°C	
Odor threshold:	Not determined	Vapor density:	>1	
pH-value:	Not determined	Relative density:	Not determined	
Melting/Freezing point:	801°C	Solubilities:	Soluble in water	
Boiling point/Boiling range:	1461°C	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not determined	
Flash point (closed cup):	Not determined	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined	
Evaporation rate:	Not determined	Decomposition temperature:	Not determined	
Flammability (solid,gaseous):	Not determined	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic:Not determined b. Dynamic: Not determined	

Density: Not determined Specific Gravity: 2.165

Molecular Weight: :58.44 g/mol

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Material is hygroscopic.

Chemical stability: No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.05.2014 Page 5 of 7

Sodium Chloride, Reagent Grade

Possible hazardous reactions: None under normal processing

Conditions to avoid:Store away from oxidizing agents, strong acids or bases.Incompatible materials, dust generation, combustible materials, exposure to moist air or water

Incompatible materials:Metals. Strong oxidizers. Strong acids.Strong bases.Incompatible materials, dust generation, combustible materials, exposure to moist air or water.

Hazardous decomposition products: May evolve chlorine gas when in contact with strong acids. Sodium/sodium oxides. Hydrogen chloride gas

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity:				
Dermal:	> 10gm/kg	LD50 dermal-rabbit (7647-14-5)		
Oral:	3000 mg/kg bw	LD50 oral-rat (7647-14-5)		
Inhalation:	42 g/m3	LC50 inhalation-rat (1h) (7647-14-5)		
Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.				
Corrosion Irritation: No additional information.				
Sensitization:		No additional information.		
Single Target Organ (STOT):		No additional information.		
Numerical Measures:		No additional information.		
Carcinogenicity:		No additional information.		
Mutagenicity:		No additional information.		
Reproductive Toxicity:		No additional information.		

SECTION 12 : Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Fish (acute 7647-14-5): 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 5560 - 6080 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 12946 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 6020 - 7070 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 6420 - 6700 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4747 - 7824 mg/L [flow-through]

Crustacea (acute 7647-14-5): : 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1000 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 340.7 - 469.2 mg/L [Static]

Persistence and degradability: Can attenuate over time; large amounts can persist in the environment. **Bioaccumulative potential**:

Mobility in soil: Soluble in water; thus mobile along soil/water interface **Other adverse effects**: Should not be released into environment

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal recommendations:

Product/containers must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system or open water. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Consult federal state/ provincial and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of waste material that may incorporate some amount of this

Effective date: 12.05.2014 Page 6 of 7

Sodium Chloride, Reagent Grade

product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN-Number

Not Regulated.

UN proper shipping name

Not Regulated.

Transport hazard class(es)
Packing group:Not Regulated
Environmental hazard:
Transport in bulk:

Special precautions for user:

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

United States (USA)

SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Acute

SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed

RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients is listed

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

None of the ingredients is listed

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed

Canada

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

None of the ingredients is listed

according to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev. 3

Effective date: 12.05.2014 Page 7 of 7

Sodium Chloride, Reagent Grade

SECTION 16: Other information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.Note:. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment.The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate.However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material.It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH) CFR: Code of Federal Regulations (USA)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)

DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

Effective date: 12.05.2014 Last updated: 03.24.2015